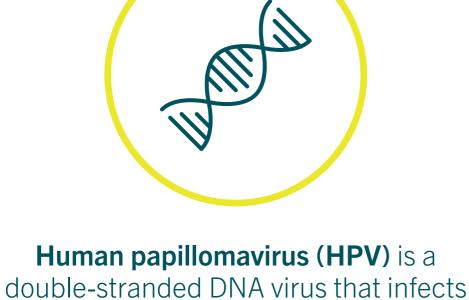
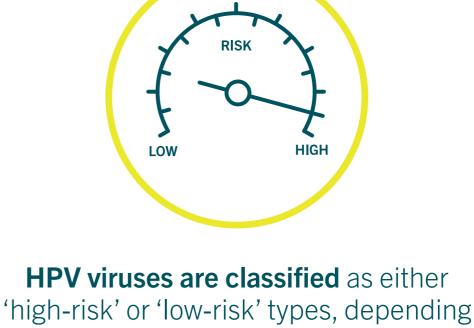


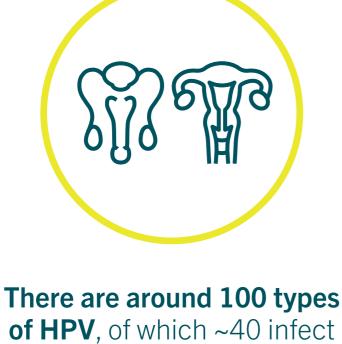
What is Human Papillomavirus (HPV)?



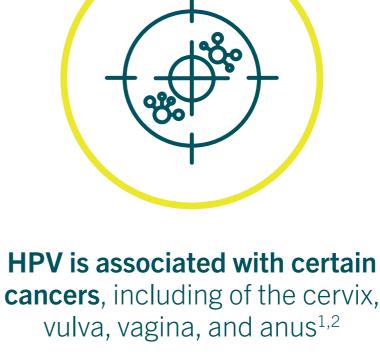
the skin and mucosae of the upper respiratory and anogenital tracts¹



on their association with the development of HPV-related cancers¹

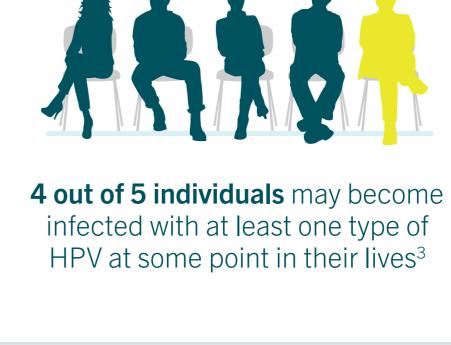


the genital tract¹

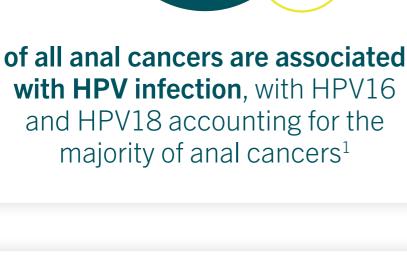


Who can be affected by HPV?





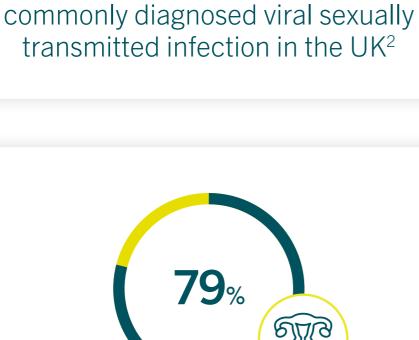
What are the risks of HPV?



80-90%



of cervical cancer cases are caused by persistent infection with high-risk HPV types⁴



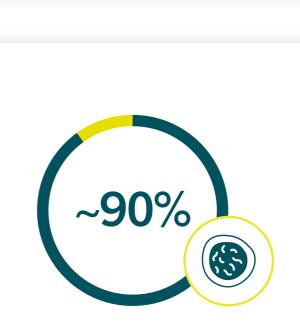
Low-risk HPV types can lead to

genital warts, which is the most

HPV16 and HPV18 account

for almost 80% of all invasive

cervical cancers in the UK⁵



of all **genital warts** are

caused by **HPV6** and **HPV11**¹



The World Health Organisation is aiming

for the ambitious target of eliminating

cervical cancer within the century.6

Want to learn more? Click on the link below to access more resources on HPV including:

What is the impact of HPV vaccination to date?

How can you improve HPV vaccination uptake?

What strategies can GP practices implement to increase HPV vaccination rates?

Clicking the link above will take you to a promotional MSD webpage

Gardasil® 9 is indicated for active immunisation of individuals from the age of 9 years against the following HPV diseases:^{7,8}
• Premalignant lesions and cancers affecting the cervix, vulva, vagina and anus caused by vaccine HPV types
• Genital warts (*Condyloma acuminata*) caused by specific HPV types

Adverse events should be reported. Reporting forms and information can be found at https://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/ or search

References: 1. UK Health Security Agency. Human Papillomavirus (HPV): the green book, chapter 18a. March 2022. Available at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/human-papillomavirus-hpv-the-green-book-chapter-18a. Last accessed: July 2023. 2. National Cancer Institute. HPV and Cancer. April 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www.cancer.gov/about-cancer/causes-prevention/risk/infectious-agents/hpv-and-agents/hpv-and-agents/hpv-ag

Please refer to the Summary of Product Characteristics for further information prior to making any prescribing decisions.^{7,8}

MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. Adverse events should also be reported to Merck Sharp & Dohme Limited (Tel: 0208 154 8000). By clicking the above link, you will leave the MSD website and be taken to the MHRA website.

Institute. HPV and Cancer. April 2023. Available at: https://www.cancer.gov/about-cancer/causes-prevention/risk/infectious-agents/hpv-and-cancer. Last accessed: July 2023. **3.** Cheeson HW, et al. Sex Transm Dis. 2014;4(11):660–4. **4.** Okunade KS. J Obstet Gynaecol. 2020;40:602–8. **5.** The Catalan Institute of Oncology and the International Agency for Research on Cancer Information Centre on HPV and Cancer. United Kingdom Human Papillomavirus and Related Cancers, Fact Sheet 2023. March 2023. Available at: https://hpvcentre.net/statistics/reports/GBR FS.pdf. Last accessed: July 2023. **6.** World Health Organization. World Health Assembly adopts global strategy to accelerate cervical cancer elimination. August 2020. Available at: https://www.who.int/news/item/19-08-2020-world-health-assembly-adopts-global-strategy-to-accelerate-cervical-cancer-elimination. Last accessed: July 2023. **7.** Gardasil® 9 (Human Papillomavirus 9-valent Vaccine (Recombinant, adsorbed). Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) for NI. Available at: https://www.emcpi.com/pi/ni/496. Last accessed: July 2023.

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